Biology Curriculum Map

Year 7

Cells and Organisation The Skeletal and Muscular Systems Gas Exchange Systems Reproduction Photosynthesis

Year 8

Nutrition and Digestion Health Cellular Respiration Interactions and Interdependencies Inheritance, Chromosomes, DNA and Genes

Accelerated group	Year 9 4.1 Cell Biology 4.2 Organisation 4.3 Infection and response	Year 10 4.4 Bioenergetics 4.5 Homeostasis and Response	Year 11 4.6 Inheritance, Variation and Evolution 4.7 Ecology
	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11
Options group	4 .1 Cell Biology 4.2 Organisation 4.3 Infection and Response	4.4. Bioenergetics 4.5 Homeostasis and response	4.6 Inheritance, Variation and Evolution
		1	
Combined group	Year 9 4.1 Cell Biology 4.2 Organisation	Year 10 4.4. Bioenergetics 4.5 Homeostasis and response	Year 11 4.6 Inheritance, Variation and Evolution

Year 12	Year 13		
3.1 Biological Molecules 3.2 Cells 3.3 Organisms Exchange Substances with their Environ- ment 3.4 Genetic Information, Variation and Relationships between Organisms	 3.5 Energy Transfers in and between Organisms 3.6 Organisms Respond to Changes in their internal External Environments 3.7 Genetics, Populations, Evolution and Ecosystems 3.8 The Control of Gene Expression 		



Chemistry Curriculum Map — KS3/4

	Year 7		Year 8		
	The Particulate Nature of Matter Atoms, Elements and Compounds Pure and Impure Substances Chemical Reactions Part 1 Energetics		Chemical Reactions Part 2 The Periodic Table Earth and Atmosphere Materials		
Accelerated group	Year 9 4.1 Atomic Structure and the Periodic Table 4.2 Bonding, Structure and Properties of Matter 4.4 Chemical Changes	Year 10 4.3 Quantitative Chemistry 4.5 Energy Changes 4.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemical Change 4.9 Chemistry of the Atmosphere		Year 11 4.5 Energy Changes 4.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemica Change 4.7 Organic Chemistry	
	Year 9 4.1 Atomic Structure and the Periodic Table 4.2 Bonding, Structure and Properties of Matter 4.4 Chemical Changes 4.5 Energy Changes	Year 10 4.3 Quantitative Chemistry 4.10 Using Resources 4.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemical Change		Year 11 4.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemica Change 4.7 Organic Chemistry Revisit and Consolidate paper 1 topics	
	Year 9 5.1 Atomic Structure and the Periodic Table 5.2 Bonding, Structure and Properties of Matter 5.4 Chemical Changes	5.10 Using 5.5 Energ 5.3 Quantita	ar 10 g Resources gy Changes tive Chemistry	Year 11 5.6 The Rate and Extent of Chemical Change 5.3 Quantitative Chemistry 5.7 Organic Chemistry	



Chemistry Curriculum Map — KS5

Year 12

Physical Atomic structure Amount of substance Bonding Energetics Oxidation, reduction and redox equations Kinetics Chemical equilibria, Le Chatelier's principle and Kc Acids and bases

> Organic Introduction to organic chemistry Alkanes Halogenoalkanes Alkenes Alcohols Organic analysis

Inorganic Periodicity Group 2, the alkaline earth metals Group 7(17), the halogens

Year 13

Physical Thermodynamics Rate equations Equilibrium constant Kp for homogeneous systems Electrode potentials and electrochemical cells

Organic Optical isomerism Aldehydes and ketones Carboxylic acids and derivatives Aromatic chemistry Amines Polymers Amino acids, proteins and DNA Organic synthesis Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy Chromatography

Inorganic Properties of Period 3 elements and their oxides Transition metals Reactions of ions in aqueous solution



Physics Curriculum Map

	Year 7 Particle Model Physical Changes Energy Forces and Pressure Static Electricity Space Physics		Year 8 Current Electricity Forces and Motion Magnetism Waves		
Accelerated group	Year 9 4.1 Energy 4.3 Particle Model of Matter 4.6 Waves 4.2 Electricity	Year 10 4.2 Electricity 4.5 Forces		Year 11 4.5 Forces 4.7 Magnetism and Electromagnetism 4.8 Space	
Options group	Year 9 4.1 Energy 4.3 Particle model of matter 4.4 Atomic structure 4.2 Electricity	Year 10 4.3 Particle Model of Matter 4.4 Atomic Structure 4.5 Forces		Year 11 .7 Magnetism and Electromagnetism 4.8 Space Revisit and Consolidate paper 1 topics	
Combined group	Year 9 6.1 Energy 6.3 Particle Model of Matter 6.6 Waves	Year 10 6.3 Complete particle Model 6.2 Electricity 6.4 Atomic Structure 6.5 Forces		Year 11 6.6 Atomic Structure 6.7 Magnetism and Electromagnetism	
	Year 12 1 Measurements and their errors 2 Particles and radiation 3 Waves 4 Mechanics and materials 5 Electricity		Year 13 6 Further mechanics and thermal physics 7 Fields and their consequences 8 Nuclear physics 12 Turning points in physics		



Applied Science Curriculum Map

Year 12

Unit 1 – Principles and applications of Science The electronic structure of atoms Ionic bonding Covalent bonding Metallic bonding Intermolecular forces Quantities used in chemical reactions The periodic table Physical properties of elements Chemical properties of elements Cell theory Microscopy Ultrastructure and function of organelles in cells Cell specialisation: structure and function Tissue structure and function; epithelial, endothelial, muscle, nervous Oscillations, periods and amplitude Wave motion Wave speed Graphical representation of wave features Types of wave motion: transverse and longitudinal **Diffraction gratings** Stationary waves resonance The principles of fibre optics **Optical fibres** Applications of fibre optics in medicine and communication Speed of electromagnetic waves and inverse square law for intensity of a wave Regions of the electromagnetic spectrum

Unit 2 – Practical scientific procedures and techniques

Laboratory equipment and calibration Standardisation of solutions using titration Titration Colorimetry Thermometers Cooling curves Determination of melting point Chromatographic techniques Applications of chromatography Other types of chromatography Theory and principles behind chromatography Personal responsibility Interpersonal skills Professional practice

Year 13

Unit 3 – Science investigation skills Writing a hypothesis for an investigation Selection of appropriate equipment, techniques and standard procedures Health and safety issues Variables in an investigation Method for data collection and analysis Collection of qualitative and quantitative data Processing data Interpretation and analysis of data Evaluation Enzymes in action Diffusion of molecules Plants and their environment Energy content of fuels **Electrical circuits**

Unit 8 – Physiology of human body systems

Structure of the musculoskeletal system Functions of the musculoskeletal system Disorders of the musculoskeletal system Health matters and treatments related to the musculoskeletal system Structure of the lymphatic system Functions of the lymphatic system Health matters and treatments related to the lymphatic system Structure of the digestive system Functions of the digestive system Disorders of the digestive system Health matters and treatments related to the digestive system

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Health & Social Care Curriculum Map

Year 12

<u>Unit 1 – Human lifespan development</u>

Physical development across life stages Intellectual development across life stages Emotional development across life stages Social development across life stages The nature/nurture debate Genetic factors that affect development Environmental factors that affect development Social factors that affect development Economic factors that affect development Major life events that affect development The physical effects of ageing The psychological effects of ageing The societal effects of ageing

Unit 14 – Physiological disorders and their care

Types of physiological disorder and the effects on body systems and functions Impact of disorders on service users' physical, mental, social and emotional health Causes of physiological disorders Signs and symptoms of physiological disorders Investigative procedures for physiological disorders Diagnostic procedures for physiological disorders Provision of treatment and support Types of carers and care settings Care methods and strategies Treatment plan processes

Year 13

Unit 2 – Working in health and social care Roles of people who work in health and social care settings Responsibilities of people who work in health and social care settings Multi-disciplinary working in the health and social care sector Monitoring the work of people in health and care settings Roles of organisations in providing health and care services Issues that affect access to services Ways organisations represent the interests of service users Roles of organisations that regulate and inspect health and social care services Responsibilities of organisations towards people who work in health and social care settings People with specific needs Working practices

Unit 5 – Meeting individual care and support needs

Promoting equality, diversity and preventing discrimination

Skills and personal attributes required for developing relationships with individuals Empathy and establishing trust with individuals Ethical issues and approaches Legislation and guidance on conflict of interest, balancing resources and minimising risk Enabling individuals to overcome challenges Promoting personalisation Communication techniques How agencies work together to meet individual care and support needs Roles and responsibilities of key professionals on multidisciplinary teams Maintaining confidentiality Managing information



Science Assessment Guidance

<u>Years 7 to 11</u>

These guidelines outline the expectations with regards to **teacher marking and feedback**, along with what should be present in student written work.

All students across KS3 and 4 will have a science exercise book to be used in the majority of lessons and KS4 students will have a folder in addition to this for core practical work.

Some lessons will also use printed booklets to support learning.

Embedded throughout the guidelines are clear links to the **academy expectations** of student work:

Pride in work; Subject knowledge and practise of skills; Regular review; Actions following responsive feedback and Progress.

Assessment

Type of assess- ment	Description	Time allocated	Marking	Recording data	Feedback
Summative	Longer term, high- er stakes assess- ment that informs module grades	45 mins	Teacher	Centralised track- er / satchel	Class feedback sheet and closing the gap activity
Checkpoint	Lower stakes to check understand-	20 mins	Self-peer marked	Teacher mark book / satchel	
АоК	AO3 based assess- ment	20-30 mins	Teacher	Teacher mark book	Marking grid

AoK assessments assess AO3 skills and assess a different theme each term. In term 1 students are assessed on their graph drawing skills, term 2 assesses writing skills and term 3 assesses practical analysis skills. These are teacher assessed using a marking grid which explicitly identifies strengths and target areas.

Marking

In addition to this formal assessment marking, we expect to see the following evidence of effective feedback in lessons and books.

Peer/student marking

This is when student's mark each other's work. It usually done in a different colour pen to that which the task was completed in.

Oral feedback

This can be from a teacher or a peer to a student to support their progress. This will not be evident in books but will be noted in learning walks.

Homework

Homework consists of a variety of activities, including spelling tests, quizzes, reading and comprehension tasks and exam style questions. Some of these tasks, such as spelling tests and quizzes provide both students and teachers with immediate feedback through Satchel:One. Comprehension tasks and exam-style questions may either be peer/self-marked in the lesson or teacher marked.



Science Assessment Guidance

Student work standards

A student's exercise book is expected to become a valuable revision resource, and as such, all notes and activities must be presented in line with Academy/department expectations. Each book should be introduced with an outline of the teaching order for the Academic Year and a set of QR codes. These link to 'knowledge organisers' for each topic and can be used to support tasks in class or personal revision at home. To embed longer term learning there should be evidence of retrieval practice in the exercise books. This may come in the form of mini tests or questions at the beginning of each lesson. For KS4 practical lab books are used to present and analyse required practical data. There is also an opportunity to complete follow up questions and exam style questions relating to each practical.

<u>KS5</u>

All students completing KS5 Science courses are expected to keep a folder or exercise book with the following: notes from each topic, assessments, required practical work and supervised study work. The folder should be kept in a neat and organised condition and a standards check will be carried out each module.

<u>Biology</u>

Students are assessed in this linear qualification in three formal examinations. In addition to this, questions will also assess the use of practical skills. Mathematical and data interpretation skills which will make up at least 10% of the examination papers. In the third paper, students will be assess on their ability to link the topics and their knowledge synoptically, through an extended answer question. There is no coursework element of the course. Instead, the students will be required to complete a number of core practical which cover specific skills and techniques. In lesson, feedback is provided to students both in the forms of written and verbal comments. Students will complete a range of different tasks, including summative assessments, baseline tests and multiple choice questions tests, of which written feedback and time for reflection is provided. There will be 7 summative assessments in Year 12 and 6 assessments in Year 13. Mock examinations will take in Year 12 and 13, which will cover all content covered and be guided by recent examinations. This will help to inform module grades and predicted grades.

<u>Chemistry</u>

Over the course of two years, students will complete 10 summative assessments in class. These assessments will last approximately 50 minutes and be worth approximately 40 marks each. Students will complete several checkpoint assessments, each approximately 30 minutes long, which will be self-marked. These assessments are important for providing feedback on student progress but do not contribute to predicted or module grades. Students will also complete two mock examinations (one in Y12 and one in Y13) largely based on previous papers. These assessments will directly inform predicted grades. Assessments will be based on current topics taught, but as the course progresses, questions may draw on knowledge from earlier units, reflecting the synoptic nature of the A-level chemistry course.

Physics

Students in Year 12 will sit 5 summative assessments, each of around 35 to 40 marks long, and complete a mock examination based on the first half of the course; including multiple-choice and skills based sections. In Year 13 students will sit 6 summative assessments and a further detailed mock examination covering the large majority of the course; again, including a skills based section and multi-choice questions. Homework is set weekly and is self-marking with assistance and follow up provided by the teacher. Finally, students will sit a set written homework for each topic they study. All teacher assessed work will have feedback provided and a closing the gap activity. Students in lessons are each provided with an exercise book per teacher to complete classwork and this will include extensive self and peer marking to ensure material covered in lessons is being informally assessed. Details of topics included in summative assessments and mock exams will be provided to students well in advance of sitting the assessments in order to provide plenty of opportunity for revision (in and out of lessons) and opportunity for students to seek assistance and further help from their teachers before the assessments. All of the assessed work completed by students will feed in to module grades and predicted grades for potential further education courses.

